



Norton Community Primary School

Special Educational Needs and Disability Policy

Date: 24.09.2026

Review date: Sept 2027

SENCo: Miss Katherine Simms

Governing Sub-Committee: Learning Teaching and Pupil Committee (LTPC) & Pastoral Committee (PC)

This Policy has been written to reflect current legislation and other school policies:

- The Children and Families Act 2014
- Equality Act 2010: advice for schools DfE Feb 2013
- Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014
- Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Code of Practice 0 – 25 (January 2015) (SEND CoP)
- **Every Child Achieving and Thriving: White Paper DfE 2026**
- Schools SEN Information Report Regulations 2015
- Current Statutory Guidance on Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions
- School's Safeguarding Policy
- Current teachers standards
- Current teaching assistant standards
- School's Accessibility Plan

Norton C P School Vision Statement

Nothing is beyond our reach!

Care and challenge, engage and motivate us!

Praise reassures and supports us!

Successes are celebrated and built on!

Contents

School Ethos	3
Objectives and aims	3
How Do Teachers Identify Pupils with SEND	4
There are 4 broad areas of need	6
Use of Sensory Regulation Resources (Chewellery and Fidget Tools)	6
Special Educational Provision	7
Involving Specialists	8
Transition	8
Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCP)	8
Confidentiality	8
Safeguarding Children with SEND	9
Roles and Responsibilities	9
Role of the Governors	9
Role of the Learning, Teaching & Pupil Support Committee and the Pastoral Committee	10
Role of the Headteacher	11
Role of the SENCo	11
Role of class teachers	13
Role of all support staff (including MSAs, front line staff)	13
Flowchart for Teachers to ensure initial concerns are addressed using the 'Assess, Plan, Do and Review' graduated response	14
SEN Chronology of	15
Support and Involvement	15

School Ethos

Norton C P School is an inclusive school. We welcome all children, including those with Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities (SEND). We continually adapt our provision to meet the individual needs of all the children.

We believe all pupils have a right to experience a real environment, in which they learn that not all people are the same and to respect differences. Everyone has the right to have their individual needs met appropriately. Norton C.P School aims to offer the same right of access to all pupils through the curriculum and enrichment activities.

Objectives and aims

This policy is written to ensure everyone working in our school is clear about the ethos, principles, procedures and practice for pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND). Every adult within our school must follow this policy. We use '**must**' when referring to a statutory requirement.

All items in italics are taken directly from the [SEND Code of Practice 2015](#)

6.1 All children and young people are entitled to an appropriate education, one that is appropriate to their needs, promotes high standards and the fulfilment of potential. This should enable them to:

- *achieve their best*
- *become confident individuals living fulfilled lives, and*
- *make a successful transition into adulthood, whether into employment, further or higher education or training*

Things we **must** do:

- use our best endeavours to make sure that a child with SEND gets the support they need – this means doing everything we can to meet the needs of children and young people with SEND
- ensure that children and young people with SEND engage in the activities of the school alongside pupils who do not have SEND
- designate a teacher to be responsible for co-ordinating SEND provision – the Special Educational Needs co-ordinator, or SENCo
- inform parents when we are making special educational provision for their child
- prepare a SEN information report, which we publish on our school website
- state our arrangements for the admission of disabled children
- state the steps being taken to prevent disabled children from being treated less favourably than others
- provide facilities to enable access to our school for disabled children and publish our accessibility plan on our school website showing how we plan to improve access progressively over time
- have due regard to the general duties to promote disability equality

A member of our governing body or a sub-committee has specific oversight of the school's arrangements for SEN and disability. This is identified on the front page of this document. All school leaders will regularly review how expertise and resources to address SEN can be used to build the quality of whole-school provision as part of our approach to school improvement.

The quality of education and the progress made by pupils with SEN is a core part of our school's performance management arrangements and its approach to professional development for all teaching and support staff. In addition, this also contributes to our school self-evaluation.

How Do Teachers Identify Pupils with SEND

See Flowchart for teachers

6.2 Every school is required to identify and address the SEN of the pupils that they support.

6.36 Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff.

The identification of SEN is built into our overall approach to monitoring the progress and development of all our pupils.

The steps below outline the process that you, as a teacher, will follow to identify pupils with SEN.

1. Any child who gives you a concern whether it is due to a lack of academic progress, development or social need will be noted and dated on the child's records (**class information file**). This is referred to as a '**short note**' in the SEND CoP.
2. If a parent or pupil also raises a concern, this must be taken seriously and we must listen to these concerns. These will be noted and dated on the child's records, as above. Teachers must inform the SENCO of any parental or pupil concerns as soon as they arrive and log as above.

If there is a child protection issue then our school's safeguarding procedures **MUST** be followed.

3. **For the remainder of the half term / next 6 weeks, adaptive teaching practices (also known as Universal Baseline Teaching/ Quality First Teaching) must be explored and used to support the child to make progress. During this time the child must be carefully monitored by key workers to establish areas of concern and support that does or does not work.**
4. **After this period of time, the child's progress must be reviewed and if further support is required a Cause for Concern referral form must be completed and sent to the SENCO (North Yorkshire's 'At-A-Glance' document) with all areas of need addressed. This will then be uploaded to the child's digital profile and an official statement made "Cause for concern logged due to ..." on their profile. N.B. At this point the child is not regarded as having SEN. How well the child responds or otherwise to the adjustments will determine if s/he has SEN.**
5. **Teachers and the SENCO will then work together to implement short-term, time limited provisions (also known as Targeted Support) which will be reviewed to assess their effectiveness in supporting the child to make progress.**
6. **After a half term of this short-term, targeted support, the child's progress against the 'At-A-Glance' document will be reviewed and the SENCO and class teacher will discuss what support the child now needs.**
7. **If the child is making steady progress with small adaptations or minor support, a Pupil Passport will be created for them with ongoing targets and a record of the support they require. This means they will be continuously monitored but do not require ongoing SEN support. The child's progress will be reviewed termly to align with the APDR cycles for SEN support plans.**

8. If the child's needs require ongoing and multiple types of Targeted Support or more intensive support (Targeted Plus), the SENCO will meet with the parents to gain consent to place the child on the school's SEND register. The child will have an individual support plan which will outline strengths, concerns and SMART targets which will be reviewed termly.
9. It is the class teacher's responsibility to discuss any concerns informally with the parent and gather information about what the possible barrier to learning is. Our SENCo will support you, if required. You will make any reasonable adjustments to your teaching that are required and report at the next pupil progress meeting on the impact of your adjustments (or at the next agreed time – this will be a maximum period of one term).

6.21 Persistent disruptive or withdrawn behaviours do not necessarily mean that the child has SEN. Where there are concerns this needs to be logged and an assessment made by the class teacher, supported by the SENCo, if required. This is to determine whether there are any causal factors such as unidentified learning difficulties, difficulties with communication or mental health issues.

If appropriate, the SENCo may approach others such as Early Help as per the guidance in North Yorkshire Council's (NYC) [Ladder of Intervention](#). Any child in our school with SEND will not be discriminated against, sanctioned or disciplined due to their special educational need.

6.17 Class and subject teachers, supported by the senior leadership team, should make regular assessments of progress for all pupils. These should seek to identify pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. This can be characterised by progress which:

- *is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline*
- *fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress*
- *fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers*
- *widens the attainment gap*

6.18 It can include progress in areas other than attainment – for instance where a pupil needs to make additional progress with wider development or social needs in order to make a successful transition to adult life.

6.23 Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEN and should not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as having SEN. However, they may be an indicator of a range of learning difficulties or disabilities. Equally, it should not be assumed that attainment in line with chronological age means that there is no learning difficulty or disability. Some learning difficulties and disabilities occur across the range of cognitive ability and, left unaddressed may lead to frustration, which may manifest itself as disaffection, emotional or behavioural difficulties.

10. At this point, a decision as to whether the child has SEN will be made in conjunction with the SENCo. The child or young person (CYP) is now described as being at 'SEN Support'. They will appear as Code K on our school census. If required, we can seek advice from the local SEND Hub manager to clarify our decision. This will be undertaken by the SENCo.
11. Our SENCo will maintain a list of pupils who have been identified as having SEN on our SEN list. All teachers can access this list to see the records for the pupils they teach on Sharepoint.

Anyone accessing this list must treat the content in confidence and in line with General Data Protection Act 2018 and Protection Regulations 2017 (GDPR). Each CYPs documents are stored in their individual SEN Support files (Yellow Folders), stored in the class teacher's locked drawer. It is the responsibility of the class/float teacher to look regularly at the content for their pupils for any updates. Any new information will be shared directly to the class teacher and uploaded onto Provision Map. It is the class teachers responsibility to ensure they regularly view the pupil profiles on Provision Map. **Teachers have a class information file with a class list where children with SEN needs or being monitored are identified. The class information file contains the child's current support plans and any relevant reports that the class teacher should make reference to. Any archived plans and information are kept in a yellow folder for each individual child and stored by the SENCO.** All information, such as SEN support plans, communications, reports, EHCPs, annual reviews etc. are stored in the yellow files, and Provision Map. Members of the SLT/admin officers can access these documents via Provision Map. All records must be kept up to date in line with our policy. Teachers are required to upload any information and plans to the correct pupil file (on Provision Map) within 5 working days of them being received or written.

There are 4 broad areas of need

- Communication and Interaction
- Cognition and Learning
- Social, emotional and mental health difficulties
- Sensory and/or physical needs

If you would like further clarification of these areas of need, then consult the SEND CoP 6.28- 6.35 or discuss with our SENCo. To assist us, NYCC has banding descriptors for each area of need. There is a link to these descriptors on the school website.

Teachers are regularly trained in how to deliver a curriculum that is inclusive of a range of additional needs. Teachers are supported to demonstrate Adaptive Teaching throughout their lessons and use the School Provision Map to help identify which adaptations could be put in place to support children further.

Use of Sensory Regulation Resources (Chewellery and Fidget Tools)

The school is committed to providing appropriate sensory regulation support for pupils with identified Special Educational Needs and Disabilities. In order to maintain consistency, safety and equitable provision, the school will supply any sensory resources deemed necessary by the SENCo, class teacher and members of SLT for a pupil's individual needs. This includes, but is not limited to, **chewellery, fidget tools**, and other sensory aids.

Parents and carers are **requested not to send chewellery, fidget items, or similar resources from home**. All sensory equipment used in school must meet the school's health, safety, and safeguarding standards. Consent for use of chewellery must be obtained from the SENDCo, Headteacher or Deputy Headteacher and parents must sign a consent form which outlines their understanding of the associated risks should children require the use of chewellery. This chewellery must only be used in the classroom when seated. Where a need for such resources is identified—through assessment, intervention planning, or consultation with relevant professionals—the school will provide appropriate and approved items.

Any parent or carer who believes their child may require a sensory resource should contact the class teacher who will liaise with the SENCo, Deputy Head and Headteacher. Decisions regarding

the use of sensory tools will be made by the school, in consultation with parents/carers where appropriate, and will be reviewed regularly as part of the child's provision.

Special Educational Provision

Once the CYP has been identified as having SEN then the formal process begins. We **must** take action to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place.

This is called the [Graduated Response](#). It is a 4-part cycle: Assess, Plan, Do and Review.

Parents **must** be informed that their child has SEN and that additional and different provision is being provided for their child. Parents will be signposted to NYCC special educational needs and disabilities advisory and support service ([SENDIASS](#)) and the [local offer](#). A link to this can also be found on our school website. The graduated response is outlined below:

1. **Assess.** Assess CYPs needs – this happens at the start of each termly cycle to ensure we obtain a clear analysis of the CYP's need. The SENCo will support if required. We will ensure that the assessment informs any adjustments, approaches, resources, intervention and/or support required.
2. **Plan.** This will be undertaken at least termly with the parents and CYP. The views of parents and pupils are of paramount importance. This will be recorded on the plan.
The plan is written by the class teacher, supported by the SENCo if required. We use the [SEN Support Plan](#) template on Provision Map. The focus will be on how to overcome the barriers to learning identified in the assessment. An agreed date to review the plan with the parents will be made at this meeting. Teachers are advised to refer to our whole school provision map to help plan any adjustments, approaches, resources or interventions required. If additional adult support is to be provided whether in-class or outside of class, it must be clear how, what and when this will be undertaken. The class teacher is responsible for monitoring the impact, supported by the SENCo. The additional adult support is someone who must be suitably trained to undertake the intervention.

SEN Support Plans are written in September after reviewing the child's progress against targets set the previous year and whether they have retained the skills over the Summer break. The next APDR cycle begins in January and previous targets are reviewed and new ones set. The final review cycle of the academic year will begin in May and targets will be set to be reviewed the following September to assess whether the skill has been secured. For school leavers (Year 6), the final targets will be reviewed in time for the end of the academic year to be shared with secondary schools. For children who have joined the school with SEN support or who are identified as having complex needs, the review cycle may be shorter (no less than 4 weeks). The SENCO will identify when this is necessary. The school uses TES Provision Maps software to set and review individual support plans. These plans and targets are created by the class teacher with the SENCo supporting and monitoring the quality and appropriateness of the plans. Support plans are then shared with parents, usually at parents evenings or through discussion at the end of the school day.

3. **Do.** The class teacher remains responsible for the child. Where provision is provided by teaching assistants (TAs) or specialist teachers, the responsibility remains with the class teacher. TAs must supplement and not replace teachers. Teachers are still required to work with the child in order to plan and assess the impact of any adjustments, support or interventions. The SENCo will support the class teacher in the further assessment of the child's particular strengths and needs, by problem solving and advising on the effective implementation of support. The SENCo will monitor this provision.

4. **Review.** The class teacher will review the plan with the parents and CYP on the agreed date. The impact and quality of the support and interventions will be evaluated. This will feed back into the analysis of the pupil's needs. Parents will be given clear information about the impact of the support and interventions provided, enabling them to be involved in planning next steps. Pupil voice is also part of the review.

Involving Specialists

If at any point the class teacher, in consultation with the SENCo, feel they need additional advice and support from an outside agency then the consent of the parent **must** be obtained first.

This would be undertaken by the SENCo, in consultation with parents and teachers, when a pupil continues to make little or no progress or where they continue to work at levels substantially below those expected of pupils of a similar age, despite evidence-based interventions/adjustments. These interventions/support will be delivered by appropriately trained staff.

The class teacher will be asked to support the completion of the application. Class teachers are expected to engage with the outside agency the school has approached, incorporate their recommendations into their plans, and facilitate information sharing between the parents/carers and the outside agency.

Transition

SEN support will include a plan for effective transition between phases of education. **The SENCO will meet with the secondary schools to discuss children in need of additional support or on the school's SEN register and the child's digital profile (Support plans, reviews, record of provision) will be shared with the school once attendance is confirmed. The secondary schools often ask class teachers to complete a transition form for each child, the SENDCO can support with this if necessary.**

Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCP)

Where a child is in receipt of an EHCP, the provision in Section F of the EHCP **must** be provided. Our teachers remain responsible for the CYP's progress. There will still be termly reviews and the graduated response will remain in place. In addition, there will be an 'Annual Review' held each year. This **must** be before the date of the anniversary of the plan being issued. The SENCo or member of our senior leadership team will chair the meeting and complete the required paperwork. For further details about this process and who is invited, please discuss this with the SENCo.

Confidentiality

Staff may have access to personal data about pupils and their families which must be kept confidential at all times and only shared when legally permissible to do so and in the interest of the CYP. Records should only be shared with those who have a legitimate professional need to see them. Staff should never use confidential or personal information about a CYP or her/his family for their own, or others advantage (including that of partners, friends, relatives or other organisations). Information must never be used to intimidate, humiliate, or embarrass the child. Confidential information should never be used casually in conversation or shared with any person other than on a need-to-know basis. In circumstances where the CYP's identity does not need to be disclosed the information should be used anonymously. There are some circumstances in which a member of staff may be expected to share information about a CYP, for example when abuse is alleged or suspected. In such cases, individuals have a responsibility to pass information on without delay, but only to those with designated safeguarding responsibilities or to statutory

services. If a CYP, or their parent / carer, makes a disclosure regarding abuse or neglect, the member of staff should follow our school safeguarding procedures.

Safeguarding Children with SEND

Some children have an increased risk of abuse, and additional barriers can exist for some children with respect to recognising it or disclosing it. We are committed to anti-discriminatory practice and recognise children's diverse circumstances. We ensure that all children have the same protection, regardless of any barriers they may face.

The additional barriers that can exist when recognising abuse and neglect in this group include:

- Assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child's disability without further exploration.
- Pupils being more prone to peer group isolation than other pupils.
- The potential for pupils with SEN and disabilities being disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs.
- Communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers.

Children with disabilities may have regular contact with a wide network of carers and other adults for practical assistance in daily living including personal intimate care, hence being mindful that such situations can increase risk.

Roles and Responsibilities

Our school leaders and teaching staff, including the SENCo, will analyse data to identify any patterns in the identification of SEN, within the school and in comparison with local and national data. We will then use this information to reflect on and improve the quality of education. The SENCo will use the data dashboards to compare our school with local and national data annually and report to our senior leadership team. (The January census is used and the data is supplied by NYC at the end of the summer term or early autumn term each year).

Role of the Governors

Our Governing Body will work with our Headteacher to ensure that our school meets its responsibilities under the [Children & Families Act 2014 particularly section 66](#) regarding using their best endeavours and Equality Act 2010.

Our Governors **must** have regard to the SEND Code of Practice.

Our Governors **must** ensure that a Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCo) is appointed and that they are qualified, i.e. they are a qualified teacher and have the national award for special educational needs and disabilities (NASENCo). If our SENCo does not have this award on the day they are appointed then our Governing Body **must** ensure it is achieved within 3 years of their appointment. This also applies to the Headteacher if they take on the role of SENCo.

- *6.3 There should be a member of the governing body or a sub-committee with specific oversight of the school's arrangements for SEN and disability. School leaders should regularly review how expertise and resources used to address SEN can be used to build the quality of whole-school provision as part of their approach to school improvement.*
- *6.97 They should consider their strategic approach to meeting SEN in the context of the total resources available, including any resources targeted at particular groups, such as the pupil premium.*

In our school, this means that a SEN Governor is appointed to work directly with the SENCo and other members of the senior leadership team and report to the governing body about matters related to SEND.

*The Governors **must** publish at least annually a [SEN Information report](#).*

- *6.79 The governing bodies of maintained schools and maintained nursery schools and the proprietors of academy schools **must** publish information on their websites about the implementation of the governing body's or the proprietor's policy for pupils with SEN. The information published should be updated annually and any changes to the information occurring during the year should be updated as soon as possible.*

The report **must** contain as a minimum the 14 bullet points listed in section 6.79 of the SEND CoP and will include arrangements for supporting CYP who are looked after by the local authority and have SEN. Therefore, we will produce this annually and it will be uploaded onto our school website. It can be found by clicking the 'Statutory' tab and scrolling down to the 'SEND' section.

*School governing bodies and proprietors **must** also publish information about the arrangements for the admission of disabled children, the steps taken to prevent disabled children being treated less favourably than others, the facilities provided to assist access of disabled children, and their accessibility plans.*

Role of the Learning, Teaching & Pupil Support Committee and the Pastoral Committee Our LTPS committee and Pastoral Committee will:

- be familiar with the SEND Code of Practice 2015 particularly Chapter 6
- be a critical friend to our SENCo by visiting at least once a term
- be aware of the numbers of CYP at our school with SEN and disabilities
- be aware of our SEND action plan

Monitor:

- the progress and attainment of our CYP with SEND
- attendance rates of our CYP with SEND
- fixed term and permanent exclusion rates of our CYP with SEND
- any internal exclusions including the frequency and length of time our CYP with SEND are sent out of lessons as a behaviour management strategy
- that our CYP are not being unfairly treated due to their SEND, for example being disproportionately being sent out of lessons, or excluded from taking part in wider educational experiences
- that our CYP receive a broad curriculum and social experiences, including that they don't disproportionately miss out on curriculum content, creative activities and break times in order to access additional support
- that all policies are non-discriminatory regarding pupils with SEND

Investigate:

- the gaps or differences in our performance, attendance or exclusion (including internal exclusions) levels between our CYP with and without SEND
- our strengths and areas for development regarding SEND provision
- how SEND is represented in our school development plan, and whether progress is being made towards targets
- obtain the views of our parents of CYP with SEND, about their experience of the school's SEN provision

- obtain the views of our CYP with SEND including their enjoyment and experience of learning
- obtain the views of our teachers, about their ability to implement the SEND plan

Report:

- each term to our full governing board on their findings

Role of the Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for the strategic development, policy and provision in our school.

They are responsible along with the governing body to ensure our school meets its responsibilities under Children and Families Act 2014 and the Equality Act 2010.

The Headteacher along with other members of our senior leadership team and SENCo will publish a clear picture of the resources (e.g. a whole school provision map) that are available to the school.

Our Headteacher will ensure that any member of staff working with any CYP who has SEND is aware of their needs and have arrangements in place to meet them.

Role of the SENCo

6.87 The SENCo has an important role to play with the Headteacher and governing body, in determining the strategic development of SEN policy and provision in the school. They will be most effective in that role if they are part of the school leadership team.

6.88 The SENCo has day-to-day responsibility for the operation of SEN policy and co-ordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEN, including those who have EHC plans.

6.89 The SENCo provides professional guidance to colleagues and will work closely with staff, parents and other agencies. The SENCo should be aware of the provision in the Local Offer and be able to work with professionals providing a support role to families to ensure that pupils with SEN receive appropriate support and high quality teaching.

6.90 The key responsibilities of the SENCo will include:

- *overseeing the day-to-day operation of the school's SEN policy*
- *co-ordinating provision for children with SEN*
- *liaising with the relevant Designated Teacher where a looked after pupil has SEN*
- *advising on the graduated approach to providing SEN support*
- *advising on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively*
- *liaising with parents of pupils with SEN*
- *liaising with early years providers, other schools, educational psychologists, health and social care professionals, and independent or voluntary bodies*
- *being a key point of contact with external agencies, especially the local authority and its support services*
- *liaising with potential next providers of education to ensure a pupil and their parents are informed about options and a smooth transition is planned*
- *working with the headteacher and school governors to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act (2010) with regard to reasonable adjustments and access arrangements*

- *ensuring that the school keeps the records of all pupils with SEN up to date*

Our school will ensure that the SENCo has sufficient time and resources to carry out these functions. We will provide our SENCo with sufficient administrative support and time away from teaching to enable them to fulfil their responsibilities in a similar way to other important strategic roles within a school.

Our SENCo has a strategic and operational aspect to their role.

Operational	Strategic
Day to day systems	Knowing our school data and types of SEND and respond according with CPD for staff
Paperwork	Write and implement an action plan
Liaise with agencies	Monitor and review provision and impact
Liaise with parents and teachers	Budget – Value for money
Teaching assistants deployment	Review processes and systems
Transitions	Line management of TAs
	Report to SLT/Governors

The monitoring of SEND provision in our school is an essential role of our SENCo, as it will inform any areas for development.

This will be undertaken in a variety of ways such as, but not limited to:

- classroom observation with a focus on: SEND provision, resources and environment
- scrutiny of all SEND support plans content, implementation and impact
- quality assure the delivery of any interventions
- ongoing assessment of progress and impact made by intervention groups
- work sampling of pupils with SEND at least termly via book looks
- attendance at pupil progress meetings
- CYP questionnaires/discussions: after interventions, about support/provision in class and homework
- teacher/TA questionnaires/discussions (staff voice)
- effective deployment, preparedness and practice of TAs including teaching assistant interactions and questioning skills
- informal/formal feedback from staff, parents and CYP
- CYP progress tracking, using assessment data (whole-school processes)
- attendance records of pupils with SEND
- whole school provision map
- pupil premium scrutiny and impact (similarly for Covid catch-up funding if appropriate)
- supporting CYP and staff with effective transition

- consider examination/test access arrangements
- support CPD with a focus on SEND in school
- termly meeting with our SEN Governor and report to our senior leadership team

Role of class teachers

6.36 Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff.

The role of the class teachers is to:

- support the SENCo and our senior leadership team to implement this policy and have due regard to the SEND CoP
- support and engage with the SENCo in regard to the SEND monitoring role
- identify pupils with SEND
- write effective SEN support plans, and implement and review them, as set out in this policy
- set high expectations for every CYP including those with SEND
- liaise effectively with parents, listen to and act upon their concerns
- use appropriate assessments to identify barriers to learning and set targets that are ambitious for all CYP
- plan lessons that will address potential areas of difficulty and remove barriers to achievement.
- use their best endeavours to meet the needs of CYP with SEND, taking account of their pupil voice.
- make reasonable adjustments to overcome barriers to learning
- remain responsible for working with the CYP on a daily basis
- keep abreast of SEND initiatives and CPD
- ensure Quality First Teaching (QFT) meets the needs of all learners and their starting points.

Role of all support staff (including MSAs, front line staff)

The role of the support staff is to:

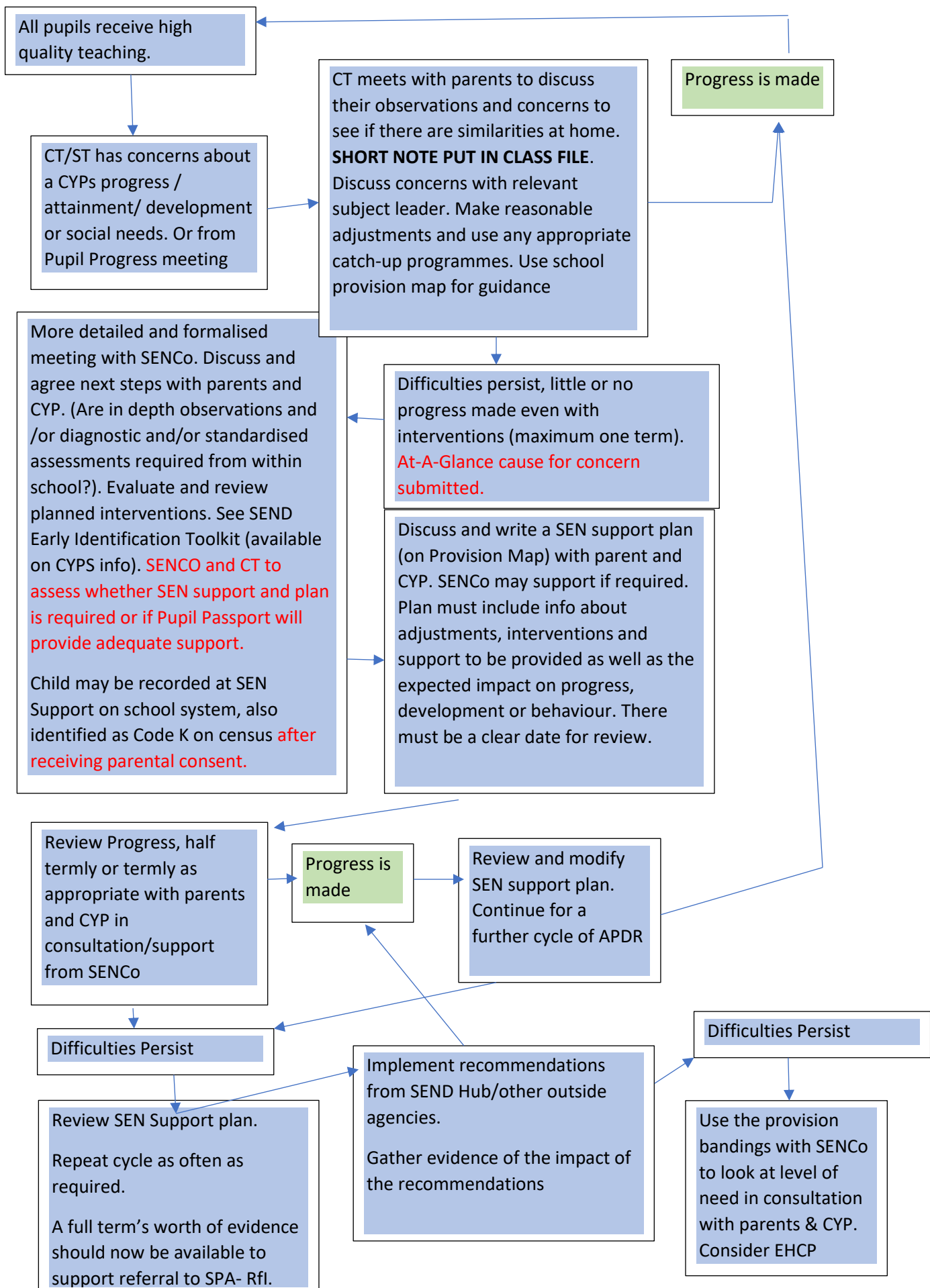
- ensure CYP become independent, resilient learners
- promote self-esteem and social inclusion
- develop their knowledge of the curriculum
- work collaboratively with class teachers to overcome any barriers to learning
- report any observations about the CYP they are supporting to the class teacher
- contribute to reports for reviews of CYP with SEND
- attend CPD and keep abreast of initiatives
- follow the TA Standards (if appropriate)

Any TAs carrying out interventions will complete the session feedback forms and share all progress with the class teacher. They will ensure resources used are high quality and well prepared.

TAs will be fully aware of the support in place for children with SEN Support plans or EHCPs in the class(es) they support.

The Admin team will ensure any paperwork submitted by parents about the child's SEN or medical needs are shared securely with members of staff working with that child (and the SENCO).

Flowchart for **Teachers** to ensure initial concerns are addressed using the 'Assess, Plan, Do and Review' graduated response.



Support and Involvement

The school downloads child's digital profile from Provision Maps as their chronology. This includes all the child's APDR cycles and reviews, a record of the provision and interventions they have received and the impact as well as a record of any documentation that has been received by external organisations.

Personal Details		Photo
Full name		
Known as		
Date of Birth		
UPN or NHS number		
Address		
Main contact phone number		
Parent/carer's details (with PR)	Name: Address: Telephone: Email:	
Preferred method of contact	Telephone/email/letter	
Preferred time for calls/meetings		
Language		
GP name and address		

Child Looked After by the Local Authority (CLA)	Yes/No
Other Social Care Involvement	Yes/No
Social Worker Name	
Social Worker Contact Number	
Social Worker Address	
Local Authority & Team	
Who has parental responsibility?	

Forces Family	Yes/No
Details	

Eligible for Pupil Premium	Yes/No
Details	

Young Carer	Yes/No
Details	

Current Setting	
Date of joining Setting	

Attendance History				
This academic year		Last year		Previous year
Have there been any significant periods or patterns of absence in the last year?				Yes / No
If yes please give brief details				
Dates of exclusion	Details of Exclusion			

Date of 'short note'	
Date SEN identified	

Strengths and Interests	
Achievements	
Educational history (including previous settings)	
Educational attainment/ developmental milestones (summary at end of each academic year)	

Overview of Needs / Barriers to Learning	
Cognition and Learning	
Communication and Interaction	
Social and Emotional Mental Health Needs	
Sensory and Physical Needs	

History of previous targeted and specialist interventions/provision			
Build chronology of interventions / provision with each new SEN Support Plan			
NC Year	Provision etc.	Details frequency, duration, group size etc.	Impact (with ratio gains if possible)

--	--	--	--

Agencies involved with the child/young person over time (if any)					
Agency	Contact Name	Contact Details	Date from	Date to	Report Available

School's summary for transition and recommendations for receiving school

List of attachments: e.g. last two SEN support plans etc.